

Responsible Gold Sourcing — Latest development for industry efforts for gold supply chain due diligence and chain-of-custody

3 September 2013 International Jewellery London



Opening Remarks:

James Courage

RJC Chairman and CEO of Platinum Guild International

Moderated by:

Catherine Sproule, Chief Operations Officer, Responsible Jewellery Council



RJC Standards: supporting responsible sourcing in the jewellery supply chain

International Jewellery London (IJL) – 3 September 2013

Marieke van der Mijn Standards Coordinator, Responsible Jewellery Council



Why is responsible sourcing important?

- Better control over supply chains
- Identify and manage corporate risk
- Proactive CSR strategy, enhance business reputation
- New markets, consumer expectations
- Compliance eg Dodd Frank Act, consultation for possible
 EU initiative, OECD Due Diligence Guidance







Union Française BJOP



- Supply chains are complex and multi-tiered, as for many manufacturing sectors
- Varies from mass production to bespoke
- Many small family businesses in the sector
- Often hundreds of suppliers of products and product components
- Orders and volumes frequently changing with seasonal designs, fashion and consumer demand





Birmingham Assay Office



- Responsible business practices in the jewellery supply chain
 - Human rights
 - Labour rights
 - Business ethics
 - Environment
 - Health and safety
 - Business partners

.... More than conflict

 RJC Members include: miners, refiners, traders, cutters and polishers, manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers.

RJC Standards



RJC Code of Practices (CoP)

- ✓ Responsible business practices
- ✓ Claim about the Member company how it runs itself
- √ Compulsory for RJC Members
- ✓ Code in a review process for 2013



Chain-of-Custody Standard (CoC)

- ✓ Responsible supply chain
- ✓ Claim about the **material** where does it come from, how was it made
- ✓ Controls for conflict-sensitive sourcing AND for responsible business practices in the supply chain
- ✓ Voluntary for RJC Members



www.responsiblejewellery.com



RJC Chain-of-Custody Standard



- Opt-in: businesses define what materials / products / facilities are to be covered by the certification.
- Management systems: Code of Practices is foundation, plus risk-based due diligence and inventory control.
- Material: Supports chain-of-custody for individual or mixed metal sources, as moves through supply chain.
- CoC approach will take time to build: mining sector, refining, alloying, manufacturing, retail.
- RJC support for implementation:
 - Training on CoC standard and help desk for Members.
 - Website resources: webinars, fact sheets, Q&A
 - Harmonisation with relevant standards and initiatives (eg LBMA, EICC, WGC).
 - OECD collaboration governance, outreach, projects





Refiner CoC Certification means:

- Implementation of OECD Due Diligence Guidance: conflict-sensitive due diligence for all gold sources
- Can supply 'CoC Gold' with transfer document information: responsible sources
- Listing on the EICC list, meet's LBMA Responsible Gold requirements

Now 6 RJC CoC Certified Entities:

- Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt AG
- Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd
- Metalor Technologies SA
- Metalor USA Refining Corporation,
- Progold S.p.A
- Umicore Precious Metals (Thailand) Ltd







Responsible sourcing – challenge and opportunity for ASM ...

RJC Standards encourage formalisation and professionalisation of ASM, and control of sourcing risks. CoC provides vehicle for sourcing relationships that benefit ASM.

Solidaridad



RJC collaborations:

- MOU's with the Alliance for Responsible Mining and Diamond Development Initiative.
- Collaboration with Swiss Better Gold Initiative and Solidaridad.
- Active in OECD program on ASM issues.



Overview of RJC Collaboration



Artisanal mining – MOUs with standards organisations:

 Alliance for Responsible Mining (ARM); Diamond Development Initiative (DDI)

Responsible gold sourcing – working in partnership in Peru

Solidaridad and Swiss Better Gold Initiative

Government – MOU in Italy:

Italian Ministry: promote uptake of RJC Certification in jewellery sector

Chain-of-Custody for precious metals:

Implementation of due diligence

- OECD Due Diligence Guidance
- Section 1502 Conflict Minerals, Dodd Frank Act

Standards recognition and harmonisation

- Recognised Responsible Mining Standard Fairtrade/Fairmined
- Cross-recognition of gold refinery audits LBMA and EICC



Drivers for Recognition & Collaboration



Why is recognition important:

- RJC formed by supply chain participants to reduce duplication and multiple initiatives
- RJC covers whole supply chain from mine to retail, acknowledgement of other actors in supply chain
- Due diligence driven by legislation (US Dodd-Frank Act) and other initiatives (OECD) – collaborative approach essential to harmonise with and support parallel initiatives
- Reduce unnecessary duplication of audits in the supply chain
- Inter-operability between standards extends their reach and collective uptake through complex supply chains
- RJC will continue to work with interested standards and lejewellery.com initiatives on harmonisation efforts





RESPONSIBLE GOLD

Overview, Update and Next Steps

Ruth Crowell

Deputy Chief Executive, LBMA

SCOPE

IJC – Industry Briefing

01 Responsible Gold

Development

Audit Implementation

02 Industry Harmonisation

Implementation Process

03 LBMA Next Steps



LBMA RESPONSIBLE GOLD GUIDANCE

Purpose & Structure



- To ensure London Market is free from metal that had financed conflict or been used for money laundering or terrorist financing.
- Global, long term focus.
- OECD + KYC, AML + mandatory audits = LBMA Responsible Gold
- All feedstock (mined production, scrap, investment bars) subject to due diligence and audit.
- Risk-based: Higher risk = more due diligence is needed (and vice versa)
- All production (large bars, kilo bars, scrap etc.) therefore conflict-free.
- Focuses on conflict-free process, not conflictfree product.



OECD GUIDANCE

Internationally recognised global framework





- Recognised by the SEC Rules.
- Encourages responsible engagement in worldwide conflict areas, including DRC.
- Provides internationally recognised framework for all actors to engage in conflict areas responsibly on a global level.
- The LBMA is currently Co-facilitator for the OECD Interim Governance Group.

RESPONSIBLE GOLD GUIDANCE

LBMA & GD Refiner Implementation

2011

- LBMA Responsible Gold Guidance (RGG) Developed and recognised.
- Refiner, Industry and Public Consultation conducted.

2012

- RGG Official requirement of London Good Delivery
- Refiners accept & implement Steps 1-3
- Audit Guidance Refiner, Industry & public consultation
- Mutual Recognition
 Achieved with
 LBMA/RJC/EICC Audit
 Guidance & consultation
 crucial to achievement
- 2011 Audit Reports Received

2013

- Audit Guidance finalised
- Q1 Refiners accept & implement Steps 4-5
- 2012 Audit Reports Submission & Review
- Auditor Training & continued refiner support
- Continued Cooperation with industry programmes
- Continued support & implementation of OECD



RESPONSIBLE GOLD GUIDANCE

Audit Implementation

Third Party Audit Guidance

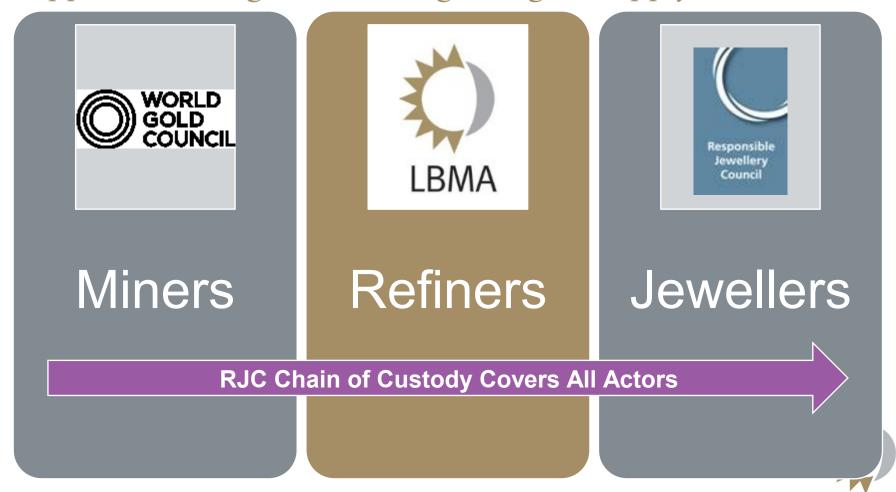
The Third Party Audit Guidance provides transparency and consistency for the Responsible Gold programme.

List of Recommended Auditors

- The LBMA has published a list of Recommended Auditors.
 - Currently UL & KPMG are the only auditors listed, however the LBMA is actively approaching other auditors and will continue to add auditors. An application form is available on the LBMA website & upon request.
- Any independent, certified auditors are eligible to conduct the LBMA audit, provided they have the required credentials.
- Where applicable, authorised government institutions may also carry out audits. Refiners must communicate which government institution is conducting the audit to the LBMA Physical Committee prior to the audit as well as make this information public after the audit.

GOLD INDUSTRY INITIATIVES

Support & Recognition throughout gold supply chain



MUTUAL RECOGNITION

For Refiner Audits Achieved — Sept 2012

	LBMA	RJC	CFSI (EICC)
Common Features: 3 rd Party Audit, OECD & SEC Compliance			
Tailored Focus	London Bullion Market	Jewellery Supply Chain - Mine to Retail	Manufacturers
Audit outcome	Continued Good Delivery Accreditation	CoC Certification	Validated Smelter/ Refiner list
Harmonisation	RJC CoC, CFS audits = Responsible Gold Requirement.	LBMA, CFS =.	RJC, LBMA audits = CFS.

One Audit Report – Three Programmes

World Gold Council, Fairtrade and Fairmined initiatives support refiner due diligence.



NEXT STEPS

Refiner Support & Bullion Bank Implementation

- Best Practice Guides for Refiners:
 - Criteria/Indicators for determining High-Risk & Conflict-Affected Areas
 - Guidance on how best to conduct KYC for scrap
 - Templates
 - Other, as needed
- Regular webinars/seminars to address implementation challenges
- LBMA/RJC Responsible Gold Forum on 1st October, on second day of LBMA Conference in Rome.
- Developing KYC best practice guide for bullion banks in order to ensure they are compliant with the OECD, SEC due diligence rules.

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www.lbma.org.uk





International Jewellery London (IJL) – 3 September 2013

UN Development Goals

Michael Allchin CEO and Assay Master The Birmingham Assay Office





UN Millennium Development Goals:

- 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
- 2. Achieve universal primary education
- 3. Promote gender equality and empower women
- 4. Reduce child mortality
- 5. Improve maternal health
- 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases
- 7. Ensure environmental sustainability
- 8. A global partnership for development





The UN Global Compact:

The UN Global Compact's ten principles enjoy universal consensus and are derived from:

- The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work
- The Rio Declaration on Environment and Development
- The United Nations Convention Against Corruption

The UN Global Compact asks companies to embrace, support and enact, within their sphere of influence, this set of core values.





The Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact:

HUMAN RIGHTS

- Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and
- 2. Make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.

LABOUR

- 3. Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;
- 4. The elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour;
- 5. The effective abolition of child labour; and
- 6. The elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

ENVIRONMENT

- 7. Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;
- 8. Undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and
- 9. Encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

10. Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.



Your Hidden Suppliers ASM gold in your supply chains



Today

- Who is ELL?
- ASM Minerals in your Jewellery Supply Chains
- ASM Merits & Risks
- Responses
- Due Diligence
- RJC and ASM
- Conclusions





Who is ELL?



Specialist consultancy dedicated to responsible mining and sourcing

Helping clients build resilient futures

Foster mutual understanding and benefit along supply chains, across stakeholders

Enable best practice ASM & ASM sourcing through innovation, incentives, constructive engagement and new business models



ELL Responsible Sourcing Services

Standards & Assurance System

- Development
- Implementation (initiatives, operators)
- Needs assessments
- Feasibility studies
- Scoping studies for responsible producers
- Evaluation and benchmarking
- Comparative Analysis

Supply Chain Due Diligence

- Develop responsible sourcing policies, codes of conduct, management systems
- Supplier engagement & analysis
- Stakeholder engagement
- Supply chain risk assessment
- Conformance (gap) analysis
- Origin enquiries



ASM Minerals in Your Jewellery

Artisanal & Small-scale Mining

- Shallower workings, smaller concessions
- High labour intensity, low capital intensity
- Rudimentary tools, limited machinery
- Often informal, unregulated, illegal
- Individuals, gangs, cooperatives, associations, small companies
- 90% of global mining workforce
- 10% of all mineral output
- Some countries' gold production is 100% ASM

ASM & Jewellery Supply Chains

- 80% of all sapphires & coloured gems
- < 12% of all gold
- < 20% of all diamonds
- > 80 countries





Artisanal gold, Uganda; Sluicing the gold, Ivory Coast Photos © Estelle Levin, 2007, 2010

The Miners

20-30 million in >80 countries supporting > 100m Men, women, elderly, children

Case study: Ivory Coast 2010

Immigrants

- Professional miners from other gold mining sites in the sub-region
- Internally Displaced People who fled the war and have no land to farm locally
- Mechanics, drivers, and other professionals seeking work with the corporate mine

Residents

- Cacao traders or wives of cacao traders who have gotten into debt
- Students who need to pay their tuition fees.
- Unemployed youths who cannot find work elsewhere and cannot or do not want to work in family plantations.
- Agricultural contract labourers.
- Female heads of households, e.g. widows, single mothers
- Housewives whose husbands can no longer support the whole family
- Uneducated girls
- Market traders who can earn more panning gold.



Artisanal gold miner (caillou hunter), Ivory Coast Photo © Estelle Levin, 2010

ASM Merits

Rural development

- Job creation 1:160 jobs for 4 kilo-bars Au per year
- Generates local economic growth
- Greater % mineral value retained locally
- Income for rural communities
- Slows urban migration
- Can be peace-building

Household & individual wellbeing

- Cash earner
- Livelihoods / business diversification
- Food security
- Education
- Relief, e.g. emergency, recession
- A way out: emancipation
- A way up: hope & dignity

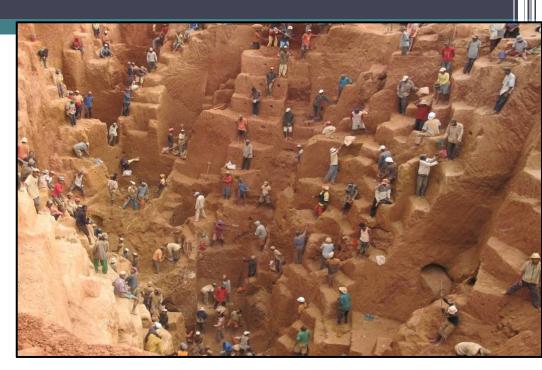


Aids orphan, supporting his siblings through mining in Mashonga, Uganda Photo © Estelle Levin. 2007

ASM Challenges

- Informal/illegal
- Health & safety, inc. mercury
- Child, forced labour
- Environmental damage
- Land conflicts (LSM, farmers)
- Conflict financing
- Poverty trap
- 'Wild west' communities





Reasons

Artisanal gold mining, Madagascar Photo © Rupert Cook, 2012

- Marginalisation / persecution
 - Unsupportive government
 - Poor property rights / legal enforcement
 - Displacement
- Structural disadvantage
 - lack of capital
 - unregulated / unfair pricing systems
- Rural poverty
 - Lack of education or capacity
 - Lack of welfare & physical infrastructure
 - Size of opportunity

RJC & ASM

RJC supports ASM Sourcing and Development:

- Builds on OECD DDG that legitimate ASM be supported
- ASM Standard recognition
 - Fairmined and Fairtrade metals can enter RJC CoC supply chains
- MOUs (DDI, ARM)
 - Purpose: standards harmonisation, project development, industry outreach
- RJC Code of Practices
 - ASM Standard (COP 33) is applicable to Mining Facilities with ASM not under the Member's Control on or near their operations. Involves engagement and supporting formalisation / professionalisation.
 - 'Sourcing from ASM' provisions require due diligence. Involves developing an ASM policy, risk assessment, risk management.
- ASM-LSM Co-habitation pioneering best practice by RJC mining company members
 - Working with Solidaridad

What should you do?

Educate

- Yourself: should you do anything at all?
- Your market: "why we buy from ASM"

Enact

 Operationalise the OECD Due Diligence Guidance: policies & procedures, risk assessment, risk management, audit, reporting

Engage & Endorse

- Keep sourcing from ASM!
- Buy and promote RJC CoC gold, Fairtrade & Fairmined Au, Pt, Ag, gems from 'responsible ASM' initiatives
- Disengagement can make things worse
- Engage your suppliers

Be realistic

- The responsibility isn't yours alone!
- There's only so much you can do
- Pick a battle & own it





SIGNET RESPONSIBLE SOURCING PROTOCOLS ("SRSP"s)

GUIDELINES FOR COMPLIANCE REPORTING

IJL, September 2013



Context for "SRSP"s



- Signet Jewelers Ltd is legally required to comply with US legislation (Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, "Dodd-Frank") relating to "conflict minerals" - gold, tin, tantalum and tungsten ("3Ts")
- "Dodd-Frank" applies to Signet Jewelers Ltd's global supply chain, for both U.S. (Sterling) and U.K. (Signet) Divisions
- Signet Jewelers Ltd is active in the development of harmonized industry guidance and standards (OECD, RJC, LBMA, CFSI etc.)
- Signet has produced global guidance for all suppliers of gold and 3Ts, which
 is aligned with these guidance and standards
- The Signet Responsible Sourcing Protocol ("SRSP") identifies compliance criteria to ensure Signet's supply chain is conflict-free
- SRSPs are company policy since 1/1/2013, all suppliers are asked to be compliant by end 2013
- Similar legislation to "Dodd-Frank" is likely in Europe in 2014

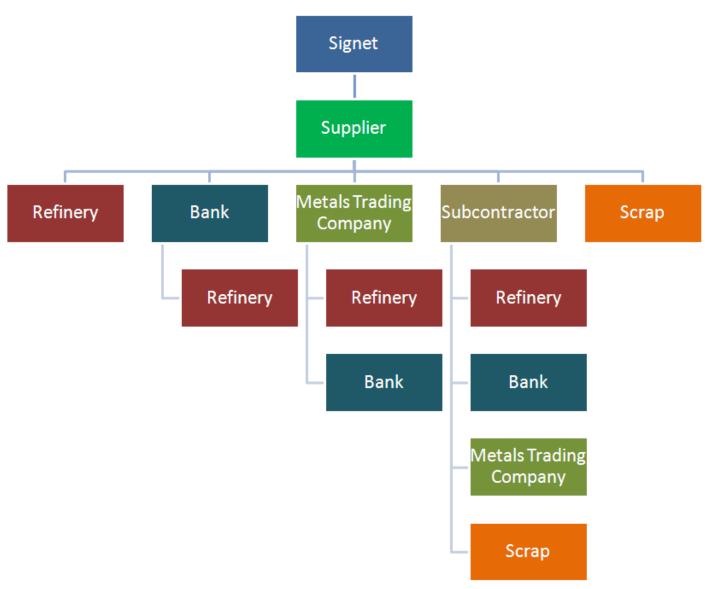
Project Timeline of "SRSP"s



<u>Year</u>	Key Activities
2011	Research suppliers to understand supply chains
	Identify focal points in supply chain (esp. smelters/refiners, banks)
	Map Signet's supply chain
2012	Build database of Signet's gold & 3Ts supply chain
	Development of SRSPs and supplier testing
	Harmonization of SRSPs with industry guidance and standards
	Implementation of SRSPs, eff. 1/1/13
2013	SRSP compliance reporting (quarterly)
	Identify and support any non-compliant suppliers
	Establish audit criteria and test
	SRSP compliance report for full year 2013
2014	Audit of SRSPs
	Establish annual review procedures

Signet Supply Sources for Gold (simplified) SIGNET





SRSP Supplier Requirements



- Signet's suppliers are required to validate, certify and audit supplies of gold from every source used, including subcontractors
- The SRSP is intended as a guide for suppliers to enable this certification.
- Compliance reporting quarterly throughout 2013 via a simple online report.
- Suppliers need to pass on the same Signet Responsible Sourcing Protocol ("SRSP") requirements to all subcontractors, who will in turn need to assess this SRSP, ensure due diligence is undertaken on their own supply chain, and confirm a capability to certify and audit against the SRSP.
- After reporting compliance, include "The seller warrants that any products containing gold, tin, tungsten or tantalum have been supplied in compliance with the Signet Responsible Sourcing Protocol ('SRSP')" on all invoices, delivery notes and any other documentation accompanying future supplies to Signet.
- Suppliers must be prepared to provide an independent audit of compliance end 2013/early 2014

Supporting evidence required to validate compliance claims (examples)



1: Policy documentation in accordance with SRSP guidance, e.g.;

- Refineries: LBMA "good delivery" status, RJC member certification, other accredited certification, KYC procedures
- Metals Traders: : terms of business, confirmation of certified refinery gold, KYC procedures
- Banks: terms of business, confirmation of certified refinery gold
- Subcontractors: as above, RJC Chain of Custody certification

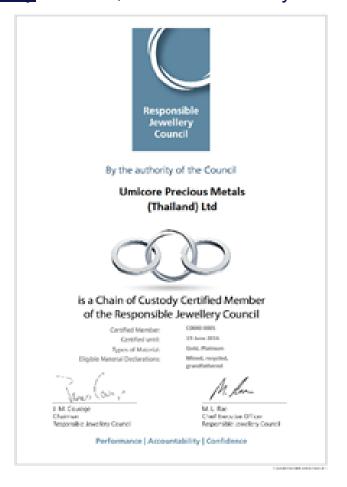
2: Transaction documentation to support above policies, e.g.

- Delivery certificates showing certified refinery sources
- Delivery/transfer documentation which matches certificates
- Invoices with matching details

Documentation should be available for independent audit



Certification from RJC: note Certified <u>Membership</u> of RJC is acceptable evidence only for refinery sources, Chain of Custody certification is acceptable for all suppliers







Certification from LBMA "good delivery" refineries

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	ι	LBMA	
		ery List of Acceptable Refiners onitoring Certificate	
	G	OLD	
	Metalor	Trehnslogies USA AHleboro	
	North	AHLeboro	
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Certification from other established standards (e.g. SCS Responsible Source Gold)



Note such certificates must be supported by actual invoices, bar certificates etc

Examples of supporting documentation for compliance; banks



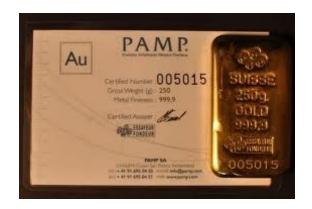
Terms of business from banks confirming LBMA "good delivery" refineries

March 18th, 2013 Subject: Our sale of physical gold. We refer to your request in order to know the origin of the physical gold provided by Unicredit. With reference to our internal policies, we confirm that all the physical gold bars we trade in the domestic market are exclusively produced by LBMA approved London Good Delivery Gold Refiners. In order to remain on the LBMA Good Delivery List all refines must comply with the LBMA's Responsible Gold Guidance, set up in order to combat serious abuses of human rights, to avoid contributing to conflict, to comply with high standards of anti-money laundering and combating terrorist financing practice. Kind regards UNICREDIT SPA GTRITALY - Pregous Metals

Note such policy letters must be supported by actual invoices and certificates



Delivery certificates from LBMA "good delivery" refineries









Serial	Number	Weight	Fineness Gold
AM	97242	1000 g	995,0
Valsambi sa			Certified assayer
CH 6828 Ba			D'Alessant
- FONDE			

Serial Number	er .	Weight	Fineness Gold
AM 972	41	1000 g	995,0
Valcambi sa CH 6828 Balerna CH) ESSAYEUR FONDEUR			Certified assayer D'Alessaul



Invoices from LBMA "good delivery" refineries

8001454441 ZTA	Person in charge: Ms. K Telephone (852) Email	2773 1733
Our order no. 95623459 / 14.03.2		- Ran Miles deducedin
		Date: 14.03.2013 Page: 1 / 1
		Your reference: 14.03.2013
ate of dispatch:	Terms of delivery: EXW Hong Kong	Marking:
	and horig horig	Type of packing:
		Mode of dispatch: Delivery/Pickup HP

Note invoice correlates to delivery note, bar numbers etc

SRSP Audit Procedures for gold and 3Ts



- Signet will provide list of accredited auditors and guidance for auditors
- Auditor list will be aligned with RJC, plus some local specialist companies with harmonized standards(e.g. SCS Global Services)
- SRSP audit will be mutually recognized and harmonized with RJC, SCS, CFSI, LBMA etc. audits to reduce costs and duplication
- Suppliers may choose audit company from the accredited list
- Suppliers will be responsible for appointing auditors, paying for audits and providing audit reports to Signet.
- Audits should be 1-day desk audits, depending on quality of documentation, estimated < US\$2,000/day.



Comments and Questions are welcome!!